



# Statement of Family Law Value Former Plan Member Family Law Form FL-4D

(Under section 67.2(9) of the Pension Benefits Act)

This statement provides the imputed value under the Pension Benefits Act and Family Law Act for a Former Member on the family law valuation date (e.g., separation date). The pension plan provides a:

- a defined benefit; or
- a separate defined benefit and a defined contribution benefit.

This statement is completed by the plan administrator. The plan administrator is required to provide this statement to both the Former Member and the Former Member's spouse, regardless of who makes the application.

The imputed value (referred to as **family law value** on this statement) is the value of the pension benefit that was accrued during the spousal relationship. It is calculated as of the family law valuation date. The family law value is used in the calculation of the Former Member's net family property. This statement does not entitle the Former Member's spouse to a portion of the pension benefit.

This statement includes details of how the family law value was calculated. If you have questions about the calculations, contact the plan administrator.

Information about the pension valuation and division process can be found in the <u>Pensions and Marriage Breakdown – a Guide for Members and their Spouses</u>.

Part A – Family Law Value						
Name of Former Member						
Last Name	First Name	Initials	Applicant	○ Yes	○ No	
Name of Former Member's Spouse						
Last Name	First Name	Initials	Applicant	○ Yes	○ No	
You and your spouse have proposed two provide two statements. This statement	○ Yes	○ No				
The starting date of your spousal relation	nship is (yyyy/mm/dd):					
The starting date is based on:		_				
your marriage date						
the date when you and your spouse started living together in a common-law relationship						
the date that was jointly chosen by you and your spouse						
○ the date specified in your court order or family arbitration award						
Your <b>family law valuation date</b> is (yyyy/mm/dd):						

The family law value	<b>ie</b> as of the	family lav	w valuation date is:				
\$	_ (defined	benefit)					
\$	(defined	contributi	ion benefit) 🗌 no	ot applicable			
\$	_ GROSS						
The maximum amo	ount that ma	ay be trar	nsferred as equaliza	tion to the Former Membe	er's spo	use is:	
\$	_ GROSS	(50% of t	the total family law v	alue)			
statement. The Forn Consult a family law	ner Membe lawyer or f	r should a inancial a	also list future tax lia dvisor for advice on	aw value as an asset on t bility for the pension as a calculating the future tax ax liability, completing the	debt on rate. No	the financia	ıl statement. an administrator
IMPORTANT: See Pensions and M	Marriage Bre	eakdown -	– a Guide for Memb	ers and their Spouses for	r treatme	ent of interes	st.
Part B - Pension	Plan Info	rmation					
Name of Pension Pl	lan				Reg	gistration Nu	mber
Name of Employer/	Jnion/Profe	ssional A	ssociation				
Plan Administrator							
Plan Administrator							
Unit Number	Street Nun	nber	Street Name				
City	F	Province/\$	State	Country	Р	ostal Code/2	Zip Code
Telephone Number	Fax Numb	er	E-mail Address		<b>I</b>		
Part C - Informat	ion about	the For	mer Member				
Last Name			Firs	st Name			Initials
Date of Birth (yyyy/r	nm/dd)	Employ	ee/Pension Plan Ide	entification Number, if app	licable		
Part D – Informat	ion about	the For	mer Member's S <sub>l</sub>	oouse			
Last Name			First Name		Initials	Date of Birt	:h (yyyy/mm/dd)

# If the Former Member is required to make an equalization payment, up to 50% of the family law value can be assigned to the Former Member's spouse in a court order, family arbitration award or domestic contract. In that event, the following transfer options are available to the Former Member's spouse: Transfer lump sum to a locked-in retirement account (LIRA) or to a life income fund (LIF). (Note: The earliest date the Former Member's spouse may buy a LIF is anytime during the calendar year before the year they turn 55 years of age. Up to 50 per cent of the money that is transferred into the LIF may be withdrawn within 60 days of transferring the money to the LIF using FSRA's Form 5.2 - Application to withdraw or transfer up to 50% of the money transferred into a Schedule 1.1 LIF.) Transfer lump sum to another pension plan in any Canadian jurisdiction. This option will only be available if the plan administrator of the receiving pension plan agrees to accept the transfer and administer the transferred amount in accordance with the Ontario Pension Benefits Act. No transfer options are available. This is because: Part F – Pension Fund Status (Defined Benefits) The **transfer ratio** of the pension plan for the purposes of this statement is: Note: The transfer ratio of a pension plan reflects the funded status of the pension plan as of a specific date and may change. If the transfer ratio is less than 1.0 at the time of payment, there may be limits on the plan administrator's ability to transfer the entire family law value amount to the Former Member's spouse. Any balance owing could be paid within five years of the initial payment. Part G – Certification by the Plan Administrator I certify that this statement is accurate based on the information provided by the applicant in their Application for Family Law Value (Family Law Form FL-1) and the data contained in the pension plan records. Name of plan administrator or plan administrator's authorized agent or representative (printed) Signature of plan administrator or plan administrator's authorized agent or representative Date (yyyy/mm/dd) Information about the plan administrator's authorized agent or representative (if applicable) Firm/Company Name **Unit Number** Street Number Street Name City Province/State Country Postal Code/Zip Code Telephone Number Fax Number E-mail Address

Part E – Transfer Options for the Former Member's Spouse

#### **Next Steps**

#### If Your Decision is Not to Divide the Family Law Value

- Consider informing the plan administrator that the family law value is not going to be divided.
- Consider updating your spouse and beneficiary designation information.

#### If Your Decision is to Divide the Family Law Value

- 1. Finalize the court order, family arbitration award or domestic contract. This document must:
  - a. state the family law valuation date;
  - b. include the name of the pension plan (as stated in **Part B**);
  - c. authorize the lump sum transfer from the pension plan; and
  - d. state the amount to be transferred as either a specified amount (\$) or a percentage (%) that does not exceed 50% of the family law value.
- 2. The court order, family arbitration award or domestic contract must be a certified copy. A "certified copy" is a copy of the original document that has been certified as being a true copy of the original document.
- 3. The Former Member's spouse must complete the **Spouse's Application for Transfer of a Lump Sum (Family Law Form FL-5)** and send this form together with the final court order, family arbitration award or domestic contract (as applicable) to the plan administrator. The plan administrator may also require the following additional information:

#### **IMPORTANT:**

If the Former Member's deferred pension and account balance (if any) ceased to be available under the pension plan before the Former Member's spouse submits the **Spouse's Application for Transfer of a Lump Sum (Family Law Form FL-5)**, the plan administrator may not be able to fully implement the transfer.

# Worksheet – Calculation of Preliminary Value, Family Law Value and Maximum Transfer

The Worksheet and Additional Disclosure sections provide details and data on the calculations for independent verification. Any calculations that are not applicable will be left blank by the plan administrator. The following information is provided on the Worksheet:

- Step 1 is the calculation of the preliminary value. Calculations 1 and 3 apply to defined benefits and Calculation 2 to defined contribution benefits
- Step 2 is the calculation of the family law value. Calculation 4 applies defined benefits and Calculation 5 to defined contribution benefits.
- Step 3 is the calculation of the maximum transfer.

#### Step 1 – Calculation of Preliminary Value

#### Note:

- The **preliminary value** of the defined benefit is the total value of the pension accrued by the Former Member as of the family law valuation date. It has not been adjusted to reflect the period of the spousal relationship.
- The **preliminary value** of the defined contribution benefit is the total value of the defined contribution benefit with interest/investment earnings credited to the Former Member as of the family law valuation date. It has not been adjusted to reflect the period of the spousal relationship.

The following Calculation(s) applies (apply) to the Former Member:
The Former Member has a defined benefit. See Calculation 1.
The Former Member has a defined contribution benefit. See Calculation 2.
☐ The pension plan is wound up. See <b>Calculation 3</b> if the Former Member has a defined benefit and the effective date of the wind up is <b>on or before</b> the family law valuation date. See <b>Calculation 1</b> if the wind up occurred <b>after</b> the family law valuation date. See also <b>Calculation 2</b> if the Former Member has a defined contribution benefit.

Calculation 1: Preliminary value of the Former Member's defined benefit as of the family law valuation date			
Initial preliminary value (commuted value of the defined benefit including any ancillary benefits as of the family law valuation date)	\$	= G (defined benefit)	
Plus, surplus assets payable, if applicable (0 if not applicable or unknown)	\$	= surplus	
Preliminary value (defined benefit) as of the family law valuation date	\$	= G (defined benefit) + surplus	

Preliminary value of the Former Member's <b>defined contribution benefit</b> as of t	he family law v	/aluation date
If the plan administrator's records include the exact account balance as of the fapreliminary value is:	amily law valua	ition date, the
Total amount of contributions, including interest/investment earnings on the contributions, attributable to the Former Member as of the family law valuation date:	\$	= G (defined contribution benefit)
OR		
If the plan administrator's records do not include the exact account balance as opreliminary value is calculated as:	of the family law	w valuation date, the
Total amount of contributions, including interest/investment earnings on the contributions, attributable to the Former Member as of the last day of the month immediately preceding the family law valuation date:	\$	= G (defined contribution benefit)
Calculation 3: The pension plan is wound up and the effective date of the wind up is on or before (defined benefit).	f <b>ore</b> the family	law valuation date
Commuted value of the deferred pension (including any ancillary benefits) as of the wind up date	\$	= X
Plus, accumulated interest from the wind up date to the family law valuation date	\$	= Y
Initial preliminary value (X + Y)	\$	= G (defined benefit)
Plus, surplus assets payable, if applicable (0 if not applicable or unknown)	\$	= surplus
Preliminary value (defined benefit) as of the family law valuation date	\$	= G (defined benefit) + surplus
Step 2 – Calculation of Family Law Value		

Calculation 2:

Note: The family law value is the portion of the preliminary value that accrued during the spousal relationship (married or

common-law) as of the family law valuation date.

The following **Calculation(s)** applies (apply) to the Former Member:

The Former Member has a defined benefit. See **Calculation 4**.

The Former Member has a defined contribution benefit. See **Calculation 5**.

Calculation 4: Family law value of the Former Member's defined benefit as of the family law valuation date.			
The preliminary value calculated under Step 1 (Calculation 1 or 3)	\$	= G (defined benefit) + surplus	
Total credited service accrued by the Former Member during the spousal relationship period (i.e., beginning on the starting date and ending on the family law valuation date)		= H	
Total credited service accrued by the Former Member during the entire period of employment or plan membership as of the family law valuation date		= J	
Family law value formula = [G(defined benefit) + surplus] x H/J (Note: H/J cannot exceed 1.)	\$	= family law value (defined benefit)	

#### **Calculation 5:**

Family law value of the Former Member's defined contribution benefit as of the family law valuation date

**Note:** The account balance in the calculations below includes interest/investment earnings on the contributions attributable to the Former Member.

If the **starting date** of the spousal relationship is **before the date** when the Former Member joined the pension plan:

The family law value = preliminary value G (defined contribution benefit) calculated in Step 1 (Calculation 2).	\$	= family law value (defined contribution benefit)
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#### OR

If the **starting date** of the spousal relationship is **on or after the date** when the Former Member joined the pension plan, the plan administrator is required to complete **Calculation 5a** if the information is available. **Calculation 5b** will only be completed if **Calculation 5a** cannot be completed. **Calculation 5c** will only be completed if **Calculations 5a** or **5b** cannot be completed.

Calculation 5a: The account balance as of the starting date of the spousal relationship can be determined.				
The preliminary value G (defined contribution benefit) calculated in Step 1 (Calculation 2) is:				
The account balance at the starting date is:	\$	= Y		
X minus Y is:	\$	= family law value (defined contribution benefit)		

OR

#### Calculation 5b:

The **account balance** as of the starting date of the spousal relationship **cannot be determined**. However, the account balance can be determined on a date that falls between 45 days before and 45 days after the starting date of the spousal relationship.

The account balance can be determined as of:	(yyyy/mm/dd)
The preliminary value G (defined contribution benefit) calculated in Step 1 (Calculation 2) is:	\$ = X
The account balance as of the determined date is:	\$ = Y
X minus Y is:	\$ = family law value (defined contribution benefit)

OR

#### Calculation 5c:

The **account balance** as of the starting date of the spousal relationship is being determined in accordance with section 18 of Ontario Regulation 287/11 with necessary modifications.

The preliminary value G (defined contribution benefit) calculated in Step 1 (Calculation 2) is:	\$ = G
The period of spousal relationship (i.e., beginning on the starting date and ending on the family law valuation date) is:	= H
The entire period of employment or plan membership as of the family law valuation date is:	= J
Family law value formula is <b>G x H/J</b> (Note: H/J cannot exceed 1.)	\$ = family law value (defined contribution benefit)

#### Step 3 - Maximum Amount that May Be Transferred to the Former Member's Spouse

The portion of the family law value payable to the Former Member's spouse **cannot exceed 50%** of the **total family law value** calculated under **Step 2** above.

The total maximum amount of the family law value (defined benefit plus defined contribution benefit	
(if any)) that may be transferred as equalization to the Former Member's spouse from the pension plan	\$
is:	

**Note:** If the Former Member has an entitlement to both a defined benefit and a defined contribution benefit as of the family law valuation date, the lump sum may be transferred wholly from the defined benefit or wholly from the defined contribution benefit, or a portion may be transferred from each.

## **Additional Disclosures**

Plan Membership and Employment Information as of the Family Law Valuation Date						
The Former Member joined the pension plan on (yyyy/mm/dd):						
The Former Member terminated employment o (yyyy/mm/dd):	r plan members	ship on				
The Former Member became a retired member date on (yyyy/mm/dd)	after the family	/ law valuation	not applicable			
Information about the Former Member's Acc	crued Pension	(Defined Benefit) for Calculation	on 1			
Accrued lifetime pension as of the family law valuation date	o monthly	◯ annual	\$			
Accrued bridging/supplemental benefit as of the family law valuation date	o monthly	○ annual ○ not applicable	\$			
Canada Pension Plan reduction at age 65	o monthly	○ annual ○ not applicable	\$			
Former Member's age on the family law valuati	on date:					
Information about the Former Member's Acc Calculation 3	crued Pension	(Defined Benefit) as of the Win	d Up Date for			
Accrued lifetime pension as of the wind up date	o monthly	◯ annual	\$			
Accrued bridging/supplemental benefits as of the wind up date	o monthly	◯ annual ◯ not applicable	\$			
Canada Pension Plan reduction at age 65	o monthly	◯ annual ◯ not applicable	\$			
Former Member's age on the wind up date:						

Explanation of Pension Plan Provisions that Apply to the Former Member to Calculate the Family Law Value  Plan provisions are explained in a separate document that is included with this statement.					
The following are details of the plan provisions (for example: benefit type, pension benefit formula, normal retirement date, early retirement provision(s), normal form, ancillary benefit(s), indexation, etc.):					

### Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the Preliminary Value (defined benefit)

Actuarial assumptions are provided in a separate document that is included with this statement. Assumptions based on section 3500 of the Canadian **Assumptions** Institute of Actuaries Standards of Practice Non-indexed interest rate(s) Indexed interest rate(s) not applicable Rate(s) of pension escalation not applicable Mortality table: unisex (specify % male and % female) and/or sex-distinct (pre-87 service only) Marital assumption at retirement: percent married not applicable Marital assumption at retirement: age difference between plan members and their spouses not applicable Other relevant assumptions not applicable **Shortened Life Expectancy Information** not applicable The Former Member has filed a shortened life expectancy application and the conditions that are specified under section 12 or 13 of Ontario Regulation 287/11 (Family Law Matters) apply. The following are the actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the shortened life expectancy family law value:

Information about the wind up of the pension plan  in not applicable			
The following information has been completed because the Former Member is effective date of the wind up is <b>on or before</b> the date of this statement.	s included in t	the wind ι	up group. The
Effective date of the wind up of the pension plan is (yyyy/mm/dd):			
The Former Member's pension will be reduced as a result of the wind up	) yes	) no	unknown
The pension plan is covered by the Pension Benefits Guarantee Fund	○ yes	) no	
Information about surplus application made on or before the family law v	/aluation dat	te	
The Former Member is entitled to receive a share of surplus from the pension value. The following is a summary of the relevant details of the surplus applica sharing agreement, etc.):			
Information about pension plan amendments before the family law valua not applicable	tion date		
The Former Member belongs to a class of employees that received (or will be amendment(s) to the pension plan related to cost of living adjustments during plan before the family law valuation date. The following is an explanation of the amendment was made, how much the Former Member received (or will receive	the last three e amendmen	fiscal ye	ars of the pension
Year 1			
Year 2			
Year 3			

not applicable	ate			
AVCs are voluntary contributions that the Former Member has made beyond those that are required to be made under the pension plan. The terms of the pension plan specify whether AVCs are allowed and how they are to be paid out. AVCs are <b>not included</b> in the family law value set out in <b>Part A</b> of this statement.				
The total AVCs as of the family law valuation date, including interest/investment earnings:	\$			
The total AVCs from the starting date of the spousal relationship to the family law valuation date, including interest/investment earnings (provided if available):	\$			
Information about excess member contributions as of the family law valuation date  not applicable				
Excess member contributions arise in cases where a pension plan member's required contributions to the pension plan made on or after January 1, 1987 (or an earlier date specified in the pension plan), and interest/investment earnings on those contributions, exceed 50% of the commuted value of the deferred pension earned after that date. The Former Member's excess member contributions, if any, are <b>not included</b> in the family law value set out in <b>Part A</b> of this statement.				
The total excess member contributions, including interest/investment earnings, remaining in the pension plan:	\$			