





Corporate Governance	 Assess organizational structure to ensure that reporting relationships between management and senior officers allow for effective oversight. Confirm that there is a reflection of FTC within the insurer's culture and values.
Agent Training and Outsourcing Arrangements	 Evaluate policies and procedures, agent suitability factors as well as nature, timing and extent of training conducted.
Incentives and Remuneration	 Review policies and procedures, agent compensation structure, and incentives. Confirm that the insurer assesses risks periodically to ensure appropriate products are sold to consumers.
Product Marketing and Advertising	 Assess that the insurer provides sufficient product information to allow a customer to make an informed decision throughout the sales process.
Information Provided to Customers	 Review information provided to customers, including insurer policies and procedures. Ensure the insurer has a formal process for informing customers before, at the moment, and after sales, that takes into account FTC.
Claims Handling	 Validate the insurer has a claims handling policy which incorporates FTC elements, as well as standard processing times that appropriately reflect FTC.
Complaint Handling and Dispute Settlement	 Review complaint handling and dispute settlement policies and procedures. Verify the insurer informs customers of the existence of its complaints processing service and of its response timelines.







Corporate Governance

Policies & Procedures

- Does the insurer have a standalone FTC policy or are FTC elements embedded within other policies?
- Are there senior officers responsible for developing, documenting, implementing, and reviewing FTC policies and procedures?

Organization Structure

- Does the overall organization structure and reporting relationships ensure effective oversight?
- Are roles and responsibilities clearly defined and communicated?

Code Of Ethics

- Are FTC elements reflected within the insurer's code of ethics?
- Do employees have access to the code and informed about the organization's FTC objectives on a regular basis?
- Are FTC objectives widely communicated to external parties such as MGA's, independent advisors, etc.?

Continuous Monitoring

- What are the insurer's processes to proactively identify changes in the external environment (regulatory, market etc.) that could have an impact on FTC?
- Are there control mechanisms in place to detect non-compliance across the organization's operations and assess impact on FTC?
- Is Executive Management routinely updated on insurer conduct, specifically in relation to FTC?







Agent Training

- Does the insurer have policies and procedures around employee / agent training?
- What training is provided in relation to FTC, including consumer protection elements and best practices?
- Is the training mandatory or optional?
- How often is the training provided?
- How does the insurer ensure that mandatory training is completed by all employees / agents?

Outsourcing arrangements

- What is the screening and selection process for an MGA?
- Do MGA contracts explicitly lay out roles and responsibilities?
- How does the insurer make sure outsourced responsibilities to MGAs are performed as intended?
- What trainings does the insurer make available to MGAs and their agents to ensure appropriate knowledge/understanding of the insurer's products?
- How does the insurer monitor and evaluate if MGAs meet their requirements and obligations?







Incentives & Remuneration

- Do insurer policies require agents to disclose their method of compensation and conflicts of interest?
- Does the insurer promote development of incentives based on FTC or primarily on sales volume?
- Are there Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) in place for agents that take customer-related performance measures into consideration?
- Does management periodically review reports on incentives programs and performance measures to detect improper practices / red flags (if any)?
- What are the escalation / disciplinary processes in place?

Product Marketing & Information Provided To Consumers

- Does the insurer have a formal process in place to keep consumers well-informed?
- Is the information provided to consumers written in a clear and concise manner?
- Are there control measures to detect incorrect, unclear or misleading product information?
- Are insurers' rights to modify product characteristics or adjust factors prominently disclosed?
- Is there a formal periodic review process of marketing materials to ensure that the most up-to-date information is available to consumers?







Claims Handling

- Does the claims handling policy translate to an underlying operational process and is it communicated to all employees involved in claims handling?
- Do policies and procedures include standard processing times that reflect FTC?
- How well does the insurer communicate the claims handling process and response timelines to consumers?
- What are the different types of management reports used to monitor claims?
- Does the company compile statistical information on actual results vs. established performance benchmarks to assess how efficiently claims are handled?

Complaint Handling

- Does the insurer have a formal complaint handling policy?
- Are complaint handling policies and procedures, including timelines, appropriately communicated both internally and externally?
- Does the insurer maintain a register of all complaints received and disposition for assessments?
- What is the insurer's complaint escalation process?
- Does the insurer maintain reports to monitor risks, issues, trends around the complaints received?

